BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

# Kỳ THI TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2017 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 06 trang)

Họ, tên thí sinh:		Γ	Mã đề thi 411	
Số báo danh:				
Mark the letter A, B, C, o	r D on your answer shee	et to indicate the word th	at differs from the other	
three in the position of p	•		<i></i>	
Question 1. A. reply	<b>B</b> . answer	C. singer	<b>D</b> . future	
Question 2. A. difficult	<b>B</b> . popular	C. national	<b>D</b> . effective	
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer sl	heet to indicate the word	whose underlined part	
differs from the other thr	ee in pronunciation in e	each of the following que	estions.	
Question 3. A. missed	<b>B</b> . clean <u>ed</u>	C. watch <u>ed</u>	<b>D</b> . talk <u>ed</u>	
Question 4. A. think	<b>B</b> . dr <u>i</u> ve	C. m <u>i</u> nd	<b>D</b> . f <u>i</u> nd	
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the mo	ost suitable response to	
complete each of the follo	owing exchanges.			
Question 5. Mary and Jol	nn are meeting at the cin	ema.		
Mary: "Hi, John. Ho	w are you?"			
John: " And	you?"			
A. Fine, thanks		<b>B</b> . I'm thirty-five years	old	
C. I'm free today		<b>D</b> . I'm not working toda	ay	
Question 6. Mrs Smith an	nd her students are visiting	ng the zoo.		
Mike: "Can I feed th	e gorilla, Mrs Smith?"			
Mrs Smith: "	. The sign says 'No feedi	ng the animals'."		
A. Of course you can				
-		<b>D</b> . I'm afraid not		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the				
following questions.				
Question 7. I will phone	Vivian to her to	buy some sugar; otherwis	se, she will forget.	
A. remind	<b>B</b> . allow	C. encourage	<b>D</b> . advise	
Question 8. Could you me a hand with the washing-up, Kent?				
A. shake	<b>B</b> . hold	C. join	<b>D</b> . give	
Question 9. In Vietnam, o	children begin their prim	ary at the age of	six.	
A. educate	<b>B</b> . educational	C. education	<b>D</b> . educationally	
Question 10. We were	by the spectacular	scenery of the countrysic	le.	
A. overwhelmed	<b>B</b> . overjoyed	C. preoccupied	<b>D</b> . bewildered	
Question 11. We moved	to the countryside becau	se we wanted to be close	to nature.	
A. an	<b>B</b> . a	C.Ø	<b>D</b> . the	
Question 12. I met a girl at my friend's birthday party last Sunday.				
A. pretty American tall	<b>B</b> . tall American pretty	C. tall pretty American	<b>D</b> . pretty tall American	

Question 13. The company				
A. take on	<b>B</b> . make up		<b>D</b> . make out	
	Question 14. All students hand in their assignments by Friday at the latest.			
A. may	<b>B</b> . must	C. might	<b>D</b> . ought	
Question 15. The boy	sits in front of me in	n the class studies very h	ard.	
A. where	<b>B</b> . who	C. when	<b>D</b> . which	
Question 16. Lan	learning English a few y	years ago.		
A. starts	<b>B</b> . will start	C. started	<b>D</b> . is starting	
Question 17. The larger t	he area of forest is destro	oyed,		
A. the most frequently	natural disasters occur	<b>B</b> . the more frequent ar	e natural disasters	
<b>C</b> . the more frequently natural disasters occur <b>D</b> . the most frequent natural disasters are				
Question 18. The water in the area has resulted in poor crop production.				
A. deficiency	<b>B</b> . shortage	C. lack	<b>D</b> . absence	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaningto the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.Question 19. Many people feel nervousA. confidentB. impressedC. fearfulD. upset				
Question 20. I'm sure he will <u>be home and dry</u> in the interview because he has good qualifications				
and wide experience.				
A. be satisfied	<b>B</b> . be unsuccessful	C. be successful	<b>D</b> . be unsatisfied	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.Question 21. There weren't many tough A. importantquestions in the exam, so I could answer most of them.A. importantB. interestingC. simpleD. difficultQuestion 22. Tim and Tom look similar although they are not brothers.				
	<b>B</b> . different		<b>D</b> . familiar	
<ul> <li>Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.</li> <li>Question 23. He was successful in his career thanks to his parents' support.</li> <li>A. Had it not been for his parents' support, he wouldn't be successful in his career.</li> <li>B. If his parents hadn't supported him, he wouldn't have been successful in his career.</li> </ul>				

**b**. If his patents hadn't supported him, he wouldn't have been successful in his car

C. Without his parents' support, he would have been successful in his career.

**D**. But for his parents' support, he wouldn't be successful in his career.

Question 24. "Why don't we go camping at the weekend?" he said.

A. He objected to going camping at the weekend.

**B**. He denied going camping at the weekend.

C. He apologized for going camping at the weekend.

**D**. He suggested going camping at the weekend.

Question 25. I haven't visited my hometown for a few years.

A. I last visited my hometown a few years ago.

**B**. I didn't visit my hometown a few years ago.

C. I have been in my hometown for a few years.

**D**. I was in my hometown for a few years.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

С

D

B

С

Question 26. She always try to finish her homework before going to bed. B

Α

**Question 27.** Children learn primarily by directly experiencing the world around it.

B D Α С Question 28. A number of wildlife habitat reserves have been established in order to saving

Α

endangered species from extinction.

D

#### Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 29. We cannot completely avoid stress in our lives. We need to find ways to cope with it.

A. As long as we can completely avoid stress in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.

**B**. Since we cannot completely avoid stress in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.

**C**. Because stress can completely be avoided in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.

**D**. After we can completely avoid stress in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it. Question 30. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies. Her classmates appreciate her.

A. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, for they appreciate her.

**B**. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, so they appreciate her.

**C**. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, but they appreciate her.

**D**. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, or they appreciate her.

#### Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.

Graphic novels, as the name suggests, are books written and illustrated in the style of a comic book. Adults may feel that graphic novels do not help children become good readers. They believe that this type of reading material somehow prevents "real" reading. (31)\_\_\_\_\_, many quality graphic novels are now being seen as a method of storytelling on the same level as novels, films or audiobooks. Many librarians and teachers are now accepting graphic novels as proper literature for children as they (32) young people and motivate them to read. This has been especially true with children who are not (33)\_\_\_\_\_ to read, especially boys.

Language learners are also motivated by graphic novels because the pictures provide clues to the meaning of the words. Therefore, they will (34)\_\_\_\_\_ new vocabulary more quickly. Many teachers have reported great success when they used graphic novels with their students, especially in the areas of English, social studies and art. The idea that graphic novels are too simple to be regarded as serious reading is no longer valid. Reading them can, undoubtedly, help students develop the skills (35) are necessary to read more challenging works.

			(Source: Complete IELTS by Rawdon Wyatt)	
Question 31. A. However	<b>B</b> . Otherwise	C. In addition	<b>D</b> . Therefore	
Question 32. A. attract	<b>B</b> . attractively	C. attractive	<b>D</b> . attraction	
Question 33. A. willing	<b>B</b> . careful	C. active	<b>D</b> . able	
Question 34. A. learn	<b>B</b> . know	C. take	<b>D</b> . accept	
Question 35. A. when	<b>B</b> . that	C. who	<b>D</b> . where	

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Most weddings in Japan start with a religious ceremony in which usually only family members attend. Afterwards, a banquet is customarily held to which many people, including friends and colleagues, are invited. To celebrate the happy occasion, guests give the bride and groom *goshuugi* – gift money in special envelopes. *Goshuugi* from friends is usually 20,000 yen or 30,000 yen.

A typical Japanese wedding party starts when the bride and groom enter the banquet hall together, and take their seats on a slightly raised platform facing their guests. Invited guests are seated closer to the bride and groom, with family and relatives seated further in back. The bride's and groom's bosses usually give congratulatory speeches then their friends sing in celebration. Other wedding highlights include a candle ceremony where the couple holds a candle while greeting **their** guests at each table, and the cutting of the wedding cake. Afterwards, the bride and groom thank their parents with a speech, then leave to end the party.

In the past, dishes that supposedly brought good **fortune**, such as prawns and sea breams, were served in abundance. So much of the food was ordered that guests ended up taking the surplus home. Today, the majority of the weddings serve just enough for everyone. Additionally, before leaving, guests would traditionally receive souvenir gifts called *hikidemono*.

Many wedding ceremonies take place at wedding halls or hotels. Rough estimates show that it costs about 3 million yen to host a wedding party for 80 guests. During Japan's economic bubble, overseas weddings and flamboyant receptions with special effects, such as smoke machines and having the bride and groom fly in on gondolas, were very popular. But these days, couples choose to **tie the knot** in various ways, from not having any ceremony to having a modest affair, or still going all out.

(Source:http://www.hiraganatimes.com)

Question 36. What is the main idea of this passage?

A. Popular wedding gifts in Japan

**B**. Wedding ceremonies in Japan's economic bubble

C. Dishes served at Japan's wedding parties in the past

**D**. Wedding ceremonies in Japan

Question 37. According to the passage, *goshuugi* is \_\_\_\_\_.

A. a kind of gift B. an important guest C. a happy occasion D. a type of food **Question 38.** The word "their" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. the relatives' **B**. the couple's **C**. the parents' **D**. the friends'

**Question 39.** According to paragraph 2, which of the following do the bride and groom do at their wedding party?

A. They hold a candle and sing in celebration.

**B**. They sit on a platform at the back of the stage.

C. They give a speech to thank their bosses.

**D**. They deliver a speech to thank their parents.

Question 40. The word "fortune" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

A. benefit B. luck C. excitement D. money

Question 41. How were the wedding dishes in the past different from those of today?

A. They were more delicious.	<b>B</b> . They were served in smaller amounts.		
C. They were less delicious.	<b>D</b> . They were served in larger amounts.		
Question 42. The phrase "tie the knot" in paragraph 4 could be best replaced by			
A. fasten the rope	<b>B</b> . get married		
C. loosen the tie	<b>D</b> . get engaged		

### Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.

Humans are bringing about another global-scale change in the atmosphere: the increase in what are called greenhouse gases. Like glass in a greenhouse, these gases admit the Sun's light but tend to reflect back downward the heat that is radiated from the ground below, trapping heat in the Earth's atmosphere. This process is known as the greenhouse effect. Carbon dioxide is the most significant of these gases – there is 25 percent more carbon dioxide in the atmosphere today than there was a century ago, the result of our burning coal and fuels derived from oil. Methane, nitrous oxide, and CFCs are greenhouse gases as well.

Scientists predict that increases in these gases in the atmosphere will make the Earth a warmer place. **They** expect a global rise in average temperature somewhere between 1.0 and 3.5 degrees Celsius in the next century. Average temperatures have in fact been rising and the years from 1987 to 1997 were the warmest years on record. Some scientists are reluctant to say that global warming has actually begun because climate naturally varies from year to year and decade to decade, and it takes many years of records to be sure of a fundamental change. There is little disagreement, though, that global warming is **looming**.

Global warming will have different effects in different regions. A warmed world is expected to have more extreme weather, with more rain during wet periods, longer droughts, and more powerful storms. Although the effects of future climate changes are unknown, some predict that exaggerated weather conditions may translate into better agricultural yields in areas such as the western United States, where temperature and rainfall are expected to increase, while dramatic decreases in rainfall may lead to severe droughts and **plunging** agricultural yields in parts of Africa, for example.

Warmer temperatures are expected to partially melt the polar ice caps, leading to a projected sea level rise of 50 centimeters by the year 2050. A sea level rise of this magnitude would flood coastal cities, force people to abandon low-lying islands, and completely inundate coastal wetlands. Diseases like malaria, which at present are primarily found in the tropics, may become more common in the regions of the globe between the tropics and the polar regions, called the temperate zones. For many of the world's plant species, and for animal species that are not easily able to shift their territories as their habitat grows warmer, climate change may bring extinction.

(Source: Microsoft ® Encarta ® 2009. © 1993-2008 Microsoft Corporation)

Question 43. Which of the following could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Global Warming: Future Reactions
- B. Global Warming: Possible Causes and Effects
- C. Global Warming: Advantages and Disadvantages
- D. Global Warming: Problems and Solutions

Question 44. According to paragraph 1, which of the following factors causes an increase in greenhouse gases?

0 0				
A. Glass in a greenhouse		<b>B</b> . Humans		
C. Solar radiation		<b>D</b> . Carbon dioxide	<b>D</b> . Carbon dioxide	
Question 45. The word "They" in paragraph 2 refers to				
A. gases	<b>B</b> . increases	C. temperatures	<b>D</b> . scientists	
Question 46. The word "looming" in paragraph 2 probably means				
<b>A</b> . showing	<b>B</b> . appearing	C. fading	<b>D</b> . ending	
Question 47. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?				
A. Some scientists are not sure that global warming has begun.				
<b>B</b> . Global climate nat	urally changes over time.			
C. Changes in climate	e are not easy to be docum	nented.		
<b>D</b> . Few scientists agree that global warming is looming.				
<b>Question 48.</b> The word " <b>plunging</b> " in paragraph 3 probably means				
<b>A</b> . improving	<b>B</b> . increasing	C. preventing	<b>D</b> . decreasing	
Question 49. What may be the benefit of exaggerated weather conditions for the western United States?				
A. Decrease in rainfall during wet periods		<b>B</b> . Higher agricultural production		
C. Minimal natural disasters		<b>D</b> . Favourable weather conditions		
Question 50. Which of the following best describes the tone of the passage?				
<b>A</b> . Argumentative	<b>B</b> . Sarcastic	C. Ironic	<b>D</b> . Informative	
THE END				